The following bill was reported to the Senate from the House and ordered to be printed.
AN ACT relating to occupational licensure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

⇒ SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 335B IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

As used in Sections 1 to 3 of this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Default" means the failure to repay a loan according to the terms agreed to in
the promissory note;

(2) "Delinquency" means the failure to make loan payments when they are due;

(3) "License" means any license, permit, certificate, registration, or other means
required to engage in an occupation that is granted or issued by the
Commonwealth of Kentucky, its agents, or political subdivisions before a person
may pursue, practice, or engage in any occupation;

(4) "Licensing authority" means the person, board, commission, or department of
the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its agencies, or political subdivisions,
responsible by law for the licensing of persons for occupations;

(5) "Scholarship" means an award of financial aid for a student to further the
student's education; and

(6) "Student loan" means a federally-guaranteed or state-guaranteed loan for the
purposes of postsecondary education.

⇒ SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 335B IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) For any person who is in default or delinquent in the payment of his or her
student loan:

(a) The licensing authority that governs the person's occupation shall not
suspend or revoke the license it has issued to that person solely on the basis
of the default or delinquency; and

(b) That person is encouraged to contact the appropriate student loan servicer
to establish a voluntary pay agreement for the student loan.

(2) For any person who is in default or delinquent in satisfying the requirements of his or her work-conditional scholarship, the licensing authority that governs the person's occupation shall not suspend or revoke the license it has issued to that person solely on the basis of the default or delinquency.

READ AS FOLLOWS:

The purpose of Sections 1 to 3 of this Act is to ensure that hard-working Americans keep their occupational licenses while struggling to pay off student loan debt, keeping them out of welfare, out of poverty, and in the workforce.

Section 4. KRS 164A.240 is amended to read as follows:

(1) (a) As used in this section, the term "eligible borrower" means a student, a former student, or the parent of a dependent student or former student, who demonstrates an intention and capacity to repay an educational loan and meets the loan criteria established by the promulgation of administrative regulations by the corporation.

(b) Notwithstanding KRS 164A.020, with respect to any educational loan made or financed under this section, and any bonds or notes of the corporation to finance educational loans under this section, as used in KRS 164A.010 to 164A.240, the term:

1. "Disposable pay" means the amount remaining of a borrower's employment earnings after the deduction of all amounts withheld as required by law;

2. "Eligible institution" shall be deemed to include any educational institution approved by the corporation;

3. "Eligible lender" shall be deemed to include any financial institution approved by the corporation; and
4. "Insured student loan" or "student loan" shall be deemed to include any educational loan.

(2) (a) In addition to the authority granted by KRS 164A.010 to 164A.240, the corporation is authorized to:

1. Establish, finance, and operate educational loan programs deemed necessary by the Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority to make or cause to be made educational loans to meet the financial needs of eligible borrowers;

2. Exercise any of its powers with respect to educational loans pursuant to KRS 164A.010 to KRS 164A.240; and

3. Establish an administrative garnishment process for the collection of defaulted educational loans and promulgate regulations pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A pertaining to the process. The process shall begin no sooner than one hundred eighty (180) days after the borrower fails to make payments on the debt that has been due and owing. The process shall limit garnishment to no more than ten percent (10%) of the disposable pay of the defaulted borrower and ensure that the borrower's due process rights are protected.

(b) The corporation may, in connection with the program, enter into agreements with loan servicing organizations, guarantors, insurers, financial institutions, eligible lenders, and eligible institutions. The educational loan programs may provide for either the making of educational loans to eligible institutions and the relending to eligible borrowers or the making and purchasing of educational loans by the corporation.

(3) The corporation may promulgate administrative regulations to implement the provisions of KRS 164A.010 to 164A.240.

(4) The corporation may finance the educational loan programs through the issuance of
its bonds or notes subject to the provisions set forth in KRS 164A.010 to 164A.240,
except that KRS 164A.080(3) shall not apply to any loans and KRS 164A.160 shall
not apply to any bonds or notes issued to fund loans authorized in this section. The
proceeds of the bonds or notes used for the educational loan programs may be
commingled with the proceeds of bonds or notes financing insured student loans as
defined by KRS 164A.020. The bonds or notes issued under the provisions of this
subsection shall be special and limited obligations, payable solely and only from the
receipts pledged and shall not constitute an indebtedness or liability of the
Commonwealth or a pledge of the faith and credit of the Commonwealth.

(5) The corporation may establish reserve funds or replacement funds in connection
with the issuance of bonds and notes for educational loan purposes as determined to
be necessary by the board to enable the corporation to accomplish its proper public
purposes.

(6) (a) The maximum annual loan amount shall not exceed:
1. The costs incurred by the eligible borrower related to attendance less
   other financial aid, as certified by the eligible institution;
2. The repayment amount of loans to fund the borrower's cost; or
3. A lesser amount established by the board.
(b) The loan proceeds shall be used by the eligible borrower solely for these
purposes.

(7) The corporation may issue taxable bonds or notes for the financing of any program
authorized by this chapter.

(8) The Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority shall provide the services as
the corporation may require to efficiently carry out the purposes of this section.

(9) A person under the age of eighteen (18) years shall be deemed to have full capacity
to act and shall have all rights, powers, privileges, and obligations of a person of
full age for the purpose of applying for, receiving, and repaying educational loans
authorized pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding any other statute to the
contrary, a repayment obligation imposed by this section shall not be voidable by
reason of the age of the recipient at the time of receiving the educational loan.

(10) The corporation shall establish the interest rates and other terms and conditions for
educational loans in a manner that it determines is financially sound. No provision
of any other law of the Commonwealth of Kentucky that limits the rate or amount
of interest payable on a loan shall apply to an educational loan authorized by this
section.

(11) A loan made pursuant to this section shall be governed by Kentucky law.

(12) [KRS 164.772,] KRS 164.774(1) and KRS 131.565 are applicable to loans made
pursuant to this section.

⇒ Section 5. The following KRS section is repealed:

164.772 Default in repayment obligation under financial assistance program --
Professional licensing and certification -- Notification.

⇒ Section 6. Sections 1 to 3 of this Act shall be known and may be cited as the
"Keep Americans Working Act of 2019."