GENERAL ASSEMBLY
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

2019 REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 7
AS ENACTED

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 2019

March 25, 2019
4:02 pm
R. Adler
AN ACT relating to employment.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

Section 1. KRS 336.700 is amended to read as follows:

(1) As used in this section, "employer" means any person, either individual, corporation, partnership, agency, or firm, that employs an employee and includes any person, either individual, corporation, partnership, agency, or firm, acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer in relation to an employee; and "employee" means any person employed by or suffered or permitted to work for an employer.

(2) Notwithstanding any provision of the Kentucky Revised Statutes to the contrary and except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, no employer shall require as a condition or precondition of employment that any employee or person seeking employment waive or arbitrate or otherwise diminish any existing or future claim, right, or benefit to which the employee or person seeking employment would otherwise be entitled under any provision of the Kentucky Revised Statutes or any federal law.

(3) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section:

(a) Any employer may require an employee or person seeking employment to execute an agreement for arbitration, mediation, or other form of alternative dispute resolution as a condition or precondition of employment;

(b) Any employer may require a former employee to execute an agreement to waive an existing claim as a condition or precondition for the rehiring of the former employee as part of a settlement of pending litigation or other legal or administrative proceeding;

(c) Any employer may require an employee or person seeking employment to execute an agreement to reasonably reduce the period of limitations for filing a claim against the employer as a condition or precondition of
employment, provided that the agreement does not apply to causes of action
that arise under a state or federal law where an agreement to modify the
limitations period is preempted or prohibited, and provided that such an
agreement does not reduce the period of limitations by more than fifty
percent (50%) of the time that is provided under the law that is applicable to
the claim; and

(d) Any employer may require, as a condition or precondition of employment,
an employee or person seeking employment to agree for the employer to
obtain a background check or similar type of personal report on the
employee or person seeking employment in conformance with a state or
federal law that requires the consent of the individual prior to an employer's
receipt or use of such a report.

(4) An arbitration agreement executed by an employer and an employee or a
candidate for employment under paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of this section
shall be subject to general contract defenses as may be applicable in a particular
controversy, including fraud, duress, and unconscionability.

(5) In accordance with the Federal Arbitration Act, arbitration under paragraph (a)
of subsection (3) of this section shall safeguard the effective vindication of legal
rights, including:

(a) Providing a reasonable location for the arbitration;

(b) Mutuality of obligation sufficient to support the agreement to arbitrate;

(c) Ensuring procedural fairness for the parties to access arbitration, including
a fair process for selecting an impartial arbitrator and the equitable, lawful
allocation of arbitration costs between the parties;

(d) Ensuring that the parties to the agreement shall have at least one (1)
channel for the pursuit of a legal claim, either by requiring the claim to be
arbitrated individually pursuant to the agreement or otherwise; and
(e) Empowering the arbitrator to award all types of relief for a particular type of claim that would otherwise be available for a party through judicial enforcement, including punitive damages as provided by law.

(6) An arbitrator selected to arbitrate an agreement entered into pursuant to this section shall disqualify himself or herself if he or she has any of the conflicts enumerated under KRS 26A.015(2).

(7) If an arbitration agreement fails to specify the manner of procedure to govern the arbitration process, such as, for example, by failing to designate arbitral protocols promulgated by the American Arbitration Association or similar organization, then the arbitrator shall use the Kentucky Rules of Civil Procedure in the conduct of the arbitration.

(8) This section shall apply prospectively and retroactively. Any provision of an agreement executed prior to the effective date of this Act that violates the requirements of paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of this section shall be stricken from the agreement and shall not operate to invalidate the entire agreement.

(9) The provisions of this section shall not apply to collective bargaining agreements entered into between employers and the respective representatives of member employees.

⇒ Section 2. KRS 417.050 is amended to read as follows:

A written agreement to submit any existing controversy to arbitration or a provision in written contract to submit to arbitration any controversy thereafter arising between the parties is valid, enforceable and irrevocable, save upon such grounds as exist at law for the revocation of any contract. This chapter does not apply to:

(1) Arbitration agreements contained within the collective bargaining agreements entered into by [between] employers and [employees or between their] the respective representatives of member employees; and

(2) Insurance contracts. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to invalidate or
render unenforceable contractual arbitration provisions between two (2) or more
insurers, including reinsurers.
President of Senate

Speaker-House of Representatives

Attest: Chief Clerk of Senate

Approved Governor

Date 25 MARCH 2019