The following bill was reported to the House from the Senate and ordered to be printed.
AN ACT relating to carrying concealed weapons.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 237 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) Persons age twenty-one (21) or older, and otherwise able to lawfully possess a firearm, may carry concealed firearms or other concealed deadly weapons without a license in the same locations as persons with valid licenses issued under KRS 237.110.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow the carrying or possession of any deadly weapon where it is prohibited by federal law.

Section 2. KRS 527.020 is amended to read as follows:

(1) A person is guilty of carrying a concealed weapon when he or she carries concealed a firearm or other deadly weapon on or about his or her person in violation of this section.

(2) Peace officers and certified court security officers, when necessary for their protection in the discharge of their official duties; United States mail carriers when actually engaged in their duties; and agents and messengers of express companies, when necessary for their protection in the discharge of their official duties, may carry concealed weapons on or about their person.

(3) The director of the Division of Law Enforcement in the Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources, conservation officers of the Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources, and policemen directly employed by state, county, city, or urban-county governments may carry concealed deadly weapons on or about their person at all times within the Commonwealth of Kentucky, when expressly authorized to do so by law or by the government employing the officer.

(4) Persons[, except those specified in subsection (5) of this section,] carrying concealed weapons in accordance with Section 1 of this Act or licensed to carry a
concealed deadly weapon pursuant to KRS 237.110 may carry a concealed firearm
or other concealed deadly weapon on or about their persons at all times within the
Commonwealth of Kentucky, if the firearm or concealed deadly weapon is carried
in conformity with the requirements of Section 1 of this Act or KRS 237.110[that
section]. Unless otherwise specifically provided by the Kentucky Revised Statutes
or applicable federal law, no criminal penalty shall attach to carrying a concealed
firearm or other deadly weapon[—with a permit] at any location at which an
unconcealed firearm or other deadly weapon may be constitutionally carried. No
person or organization, public or private, shall prohibit a person[—licensed to carry a
concealed deadly weapon] from possessing a firearm, ammunition, or both, or other
deadly weapon in his or her vehicle in compliance with the provisions of Section 1
of this Act, KRS 237.110, and 237.115. Any attempt by a person or organization,
public or private, to violate the provisions of this subsection may be the subject of
an action for appropriate relief or for damages in a Circuit Court or District Court of
competent jurisdiction.

(5) (a) The following persons, if they hold a license to carry a concealed deadly
weapon pursuant to KRS 237.110 or 237.138 to 237.142, may carry a firearm
or other concealed deadly weapon on or about their persons at all times and at
all locations within the Commonwealth of Kentucky, without any limitation
other than as provided in this subsection:

1. A Commonwealth's attorney or assistant Commonwealth's attorney;
2. A retired Commonwealth's attorney or retired assistant Commonwealth's
   attorney;
3. A county attorney or assistant county attorney;
4. A retired county attorney or retired assistant county attorney;
5. A justice or judge of the Court of Justice;
6. A retired or senior status justice or judge of the Court of Justice; and

(b) The provisions of this subsection shall not authorize a person specified in this subsection to carry a concealed deadly weapon in a detention facility as defined in KRS 520.010 or on the premises of a detention facility without the permission of the warden, jailer, or other person in charge of the facility, or the permission of a person authorized by the warden, jailer, or other person in charge of the detention facility to give such permission. As used in this section, "detention facility" does not include courtrooms, facilities, or other premises used by the Court of Justice or administered by the Administrative Office of the Courts.

(c) A person specified in this section who is issued a concealed deadly weapon license shall be issued a license which bears on its face the statement that it is valid at all locations within the Commonwealth of Kentucky and may have such other identifying characteristics as determined by the Department of Kentucky State Police.

(6) (a) Except as provided in this subsection, the following persons may carry concealed deadly weapons on or about their person at all times and at all locations within the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

1. An elected sheriff and full-time and part-time deputy sheriffs certified pursuant to KRS 15.380 to 15.404 when expressly authorized to do so by the unit of government employing the officer;

2. An elected jailer and a deputy jailer who has successfully completed Department of Corrections basic training and maintains his or her current in-service training when expressly authorized to do so by the jailer; and
3. The department head or any employee of a corrections department in any jurisdiction where the office of elected jailer has been merged with the office of sheriff who has successfully completed Department of Corrections basic training and maintains his or her current in-service training when expressly authorized to do so by the unit of government by which he or she is employed.

(b) The provisions of this subsection shall not authorize a person specified in this subsection to carry a concealed deadly weapon in a detention facility as defined in KRS 520.010 or on the premises of a detention facility without the permission of the warden, jailer, or other person in charge of the facility, or the permission of a person authorized by the warden, jailer, or other person in charge of the detention facility to give such permission. As used in this section, "detention facility" does not include courtrooms, facilities, or other premises used by the Court of Justice or administered by the Administrative Office of the Courts.

7. (a) A full-time paid peace officer of a government agency from another state or territory of the United States or an elected sheriff from another territory of the United States may carry a concealed deadly weapon in Kentucky, on or off duty, if the other state or territory accords a Kentucky full-time paid peace officer and a Kentucky elected sheriff the same rights by law. If the other state or territory limits a Kentucky full-time paid peace officer or elected sheriff to carrying a concealed deadly weapon while on duty, then that same restriction shall apply to a full-time paid peace officer or elected sheriff from that state or territory.

(b) The provisions of this subsection shall not authorize a person specified in this subsection to carry a concealed deadly weapon in a detention facility as defined in KRS 520.010 or on the premises of a detention facility without the
permission of the warden, jailer, or other person in charge of the facility, or
the permission of a person authorized by the warden, jailer, or other person in
charge of the detention facility to give such permission. As used in this
section, "detention facility" does not include courtrooms, facilities, or other
premises used by the Court of Justice or administered by the Administrative
Office of the Courts.

(8) A loaded or unloaded firearm or other deadly weapon shall not be deemed
concealed on or about the person if it is located in any enclosed container,
compartment, or storage space installed as original equipment in a motor vehicle by
its manufacturer, including but not limited to a glove compartment, center console,
or seat pocket, regardless of whether said enclosed container, storage space, or
compartment is locked, unlocked, or does not have a locking mechanism. No person
or organization, public or private, shall prohibit a person from keeping a loaded or
unloaded firearm or ammunition, or both, or other deadly weapon in a vehicle in
accordance with the provisions of this subsection. Any attempt by a person or
organization, public or private, to violate the provisions of this subsection may be
the subject of an action for appropriate relief or for damages in a Circuit Court or
District Court of competent jurisdiction. This subsection shall not apply to any
person prohibited from possessing a firearm pursuant to KRS 527.040.

(9) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a person who carries a concealed
deadly weapon on or about his or her person [without a license issued pursuant to
KRS 237.110]:

(a) If he or she is the owner of the property or has the permission of the owner of
the property, on real property which he or she or his or her spouse, parent,
grandparent, or child owns;

(b) If he or she is the lessee of the property or has the permission of the lessee of
the property, on real property which he or she or his or her spouse, parent,
grandparent, or child occupies pursuant to a lease; or

(c) If he or she is the sole proprietor of the business, on real property owned or
leased by the business.

(10) Carrying a concealed weapon is a Class A misdemeanor, unless the defendant has
been previously convicted of a felony in which a deadly weapon was possessed,
used, or displayed, in which case it is a Class D felony.

⇒ Section 3. KRS 237.115 is amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in KRS 527.020, nothing contained in KRS 237.110 or Section
1 of this Act shall be construed to limit, restrict, or prohibit in any manner the right
of a college, university, or any postsecondary education facility, including technical
schools and community colleges, to control the possession of deadly weapons on
any property owned or controlled by them or the right of a unit of state, city, county,
urban-county, or charter county government to prohibit the carrying of concealed
deadly weapons by licensees in that portion of a building actually owned, leased,
or occupied by that unit of government.

(2) Except as provided in KRS 527.020, the legislative body of a state, city, county, or
urban-county government may, by statute, administrative regulation, or ordinance,
prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed deadly weapons by licensees in that
portion of a building owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of government. That
portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed deadly weapons is
prohibited or limited shall be clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to the
restricted area. The statute or ordinance shall exempt any building used for public
housing by private persons, highway rest areas, firing ranges, and private dwellings
owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of government from any restriction on the
carrying or possession of deadly weapons. The statute, administrative regulation, or
ordinance shall not specify any criminal penalty for its violation but may specify
that persons violating the statute or ordinance may be denied entrance to the
building, ordered to leave the building, and if employees of the unit of government, 
be subject to employee disciplinary measures for violation of the provisions of the 
statute or ordinance. The provisions of this section shall not be deemed to be a 
violation of KRS 65.870 if the requirements of this section are followed. The 
provisions of this section shall not apply to any other unit of government. 
(3) Unless otherwise specifically provided by the Kentucky Revised Statutes or 
applicable federal law, no criminal penalty shall attach to carrying a concealed 
firearm or other deadly weapon[—with a—permit] at any location at which an 
unconcealed firearm or other deadly weapon may be constitutionally carried.
President of Senate

Speaker-House of Representatives

Attest: 

Chief Clerk of Senate

Approved

Governor

Date 11 MARCH 2019